



The Flame Tail Endler is characterized by its vibrant and striking coloration. It typically has a bright red or orange body with distinctive black markings on the sides and a characteristic “flame” tail, which is often red or orange with black edges, resembling flames, hence the name. The males of this species are generally more colorful and flashy than the females, as is common in many [livebearer species](#). The flame tail endler guide will cover breeding optimal tank setup, and the best places to buy flame tail endler guppies.

Flame Tail Endlers are relatively easy to care for and are well-suited to community aquariums. They are a [tropical fish](#), and a [freshwater fish](#) that is peaceful, small in size, and can thrive in a variety of water conditions. They prefer planted tanks with plenty of hiding spots and open swimming areas.

What is a Flame Tail Endler?

Flame Tail Endler, also known as the Flame Tail Guppy or simply the Flame Endler, is a colorful and popular [freshwater fish](#) species in the aquarium hobby. It is a selectively

bred variant of the [Endler's Livebearer \(Poecilia wingei\)](#), which is native to northern Venezuela.

Key characteristics of Flame Tail Endler's Livebearers guppies include:

- **Size:** Flame Tail Endler's are quite small, with males typically growing to around 0.8 to 1.2 inches (2 to 3 centimeters) in length, while females are slightly larger.
- **Appearance:** Flame Tail Endler's Livebearers guppies are known for their vibrant and eye-catching colors. They come in a variety of patterns and color combinations, often displaying iridescent hues of green, red, blue, orange, and black.
- **Behavior:** Endlers livebearer fish are generally peaceful fish and social, making them suitable for community aquariums. However, males can be territorial and may display some aggression towards one another.
- **Habitat/Origin:** Flame Tail Endler's Livebearers guppies are native to Venezuela, specifically in the Laguna de Patos and its surrounding waters. They prefer densely vegetated, slow-moving waters with plenty of hiding spots. Source – [Wikipedia](#)
- **Reproduction:** Like common guppies, Flame Tail Endler's Livebearers are livebearers, which means they give birth to live fry rather than laying eggs. They reproduce readily in the right conditions and can produce multiple batches of fry from a single mating.
- **Care:** Flame Tail Endler Guppy fish are relatively easy to care for and can thrive in a well-maintained aquarium with suitable water conditions, such as warm water (around 75-82°F or 24-28°C) and slightly alkaline pH levels. They also benefit from a planted tank with plenty of hiding spots.
- **Diet:** endler livebearer are [omnivorous](#) and accept a wide range of foods. Their diet should include high-quality flake or pellet food, supplemented with live or frozen foods like brine shrimp, daphnia, and bloodworms.
- **Lifespan:** On average, Endlers guppies typically have a lifespan of 2 to 3 years in well-maintained aquariums. white peacock
- **Tank Mates:** [neon tetras](#), [cardinal tetras](#), or [ember tetras](#), [bronze corydoras](#) or [Panda Cory](#) harlequin rasboras or chili rasboras cherry shrimp or amano shrimp, [Green Moscow Guppy](#), [Blue Hawaiian Moscow Guppy](#) [Blue Star](#), [The White Peacock Endler](#) [Cobra Endler's](#)

The Flame Tail Endler's Livebearers Care Breeding, Tank Setup and Where To Buy

Here's a care guide for Flame Tail Endler Guppies, covering tank setup, feeding, disease prevention, and breeding:

Tank Setup:

1. **Tank Size:** A 10 to 20-gallon aquarium is suitable for a small group of Flame Tail Endler Guppies. Larger tanks provide more stable water conditions and allow for a larger population.
2. **Filtration:** Use a good-quality aquarium filter to maintain water quality. Guppies are sensitive to ammonia and nitrite, so regular water changes are essential.
3. **Heating:** Maintain a stable water temperature between 74°F to 82°F (23°C to 28°C) as Endler's Guppies are tropical fish.
4. **Decor:** Provide plenty of plants (live or artificial) and hiding spots, as these fish like to explore and take shelter. Floating plants are appreciated because they provide cover and help diffuse light.
5. **Substrate:** Use a fine-grained substrate, like sand or fine gravel, as it's easier on their delicate barbels.

Water parameters

- pH: Maintain a slightly alkaline pH level between 7.0 and 8.0 to ensure the well-being of your Endler's Livebearers.
- Water Hardness: Aim for a general hardness (GH) level between 10 and 20 degrees, dGH. This range provides the necessary minerals for your fish.
- Temperature: Keep the water temperature stable between 75-82°F (24-28°C) to mimic their tropical habitat.
- Ammonia and Nitrites: Regularly test for ammonia and nitrite levels, aiming for undetectable levels. High levels can harm your fish.
- Nitrates: Keep nitrate levels below 40 ppm (parts per million) through regular water changes and proper filtration.
- Chlorine and Chloramine: Use a water conditioner to neutralize these chemicals in tap water, ensuring it's safe for your fish.
- Water Movement: Maintain gentle water movement, as Endler's Livebearers prefer calm to moderately flowing water.
- Water Quality: Regularly monitor water parameters and perform routine maintenance, including water changes, to keep your aquarium water clean and suitable for your fish.

Feeding:

1. Diet: Flame Tail Endler Guppies are omnivorous. Feed them a balanced diet that includes high-quality flake or pellet food. Supplement their diet with live or frozen foods like brine shrimp, daphnia, and bloodworms. Occasional offerings of blanched vegetables, like zucchini or spinach, can also be beneficial.
2. Feed Regularly: Offer food in small portions 2-3 times a day. Ensure they consume their food within a few minutes to prevent overfeeding and water quality issues.

Disease Prevention and Troubleshooting:

1. Quarantine: Always quarantine new fish before introducing them to your main tank to prevent the spread of diseases.
2. Water Quality: Maintain good water quality through regular water changes, proper filtration, and monitoring parameters like pH, ammonia, nitrite, and nitrate.
3. Stress Reduction: Minimize stress by avoiding sudden water parameter changes, overcrowding, and aggressive tankmates.
4. Disease Identification: Familiarize yourself with common fish diseases and their symptoms. Isolate and treat sick fish promptly to prevent disease spread.

Breeding:

Credit: lebendgebarendne

1. Gender Separation: Male Flame Tail Endler Guppies are smaller and have a modified anal fin called a gonopodium. Females have a rounder, fan-shaped anal fin.
2. Breeding Tank: Consider setting up a separate breeding tank or providing plenty of hiding spots and dense vegetation in the main tank for fry to seek refuge.
3. Mating Behavior: Males display their striking colors and perform courtship dances to attract females. Once the female accepts, the male transfers sperm using his gonopodium.
4. Gestation: Female guppies are livebearers, and they give birth to live fry after a gestation period of about 21 to 30 days.
5. Fry Care: When the female gives birth, move her to a separate tank or provide plenty of hiding spots to protect the fry from being eaten by adults. Feed the fry with powdered or liquid fry food or crushed flakes until they are large enough to eat regular food.
6. Growth: Flame Tail Endler Guppies grow quickly, and within a few months, they will reach maturity and start breeding themselves.

Remember that proper care and attention to water quality are crucial for the health and success of your Flame Tail Endler Guppies, especially when breeding. Regular

observation and maintenance will help ensure a thriving and colorful community in your aquarium.

Best Places To Buy And Average Price

When it comes to buying Flame Tail Endler Guppies or any other aquarium fish, you have a few options, both online and offline. The availability and pricing can vary depending on your location, the specific strain or variety you're looking for, and the reputation of the seller. Here are some places to consider:

1. **Local Aquarium Stores:** Local fish stores (LFS) often have a selection of guppies, including Flame Tail Endler Guppies. Visit your nearest LFS to see what they have available. Prices may vary, but you can typically find reasonably priced fish, with Flame Tail Endler Guppies usually costing between \$3 to \$10 per fish, depending on the strain and quality.
2. **Aquarium Clubs and Societies:** Many areas have aquarium clubs or societies where hobbyists buy, sell, and trade fish. These clubs often host auctions or sales events, which can be a great place to find unique strains at reasonable prices.
3. **Online Retailers:** Several online retailers specialize in aquarium fish and ship them to your location. Websites like LiveAquaria, Aquatic Arts, and The Wet Spot Tropical Fish often have a variety of guppies available. Prices can vary widely, but you can expect to pay anywhere from \$5 to \$15 or more per Flame Tail Endler Guppy, depending on the strain and source.
4. **Online Forums and Classifieds:** Aquarium forums, social media groups, and classified ad websites may have hobbyists selling Flame Tail Endler Guppies. These can be a great way to find unique strains or specific breeders, but prices can vary widely.
5. **Aquatic Auctions:** Some online platforms, like Aquabid, host auctions for aquarium fish. You can bid on Flame Tail Endler Guppies from various sellers, and prices can range from a few dollars to more depending on the quality and demand.
6. **Local Breeders:** Look for local hobbyist breeders in your area. They might advertise on community bulletin boards, social media, or local classifieds. Buying from local breeders can be an excellent way to support fellow hobbyists and get healthy, locally bred fish.

The cost of Flame Tail Endler Guppies can vary greatly depending on factors like the strain, quality, and rarity. While you may find some for as low as a few dollars each, unique or highly sought-after strains could cost more. Always do your research and consider the reputation of the seller, the health of the fish, and any shipping costs

when making your purchase. Additionally, remember that setting up and maintaining a proper aquarium environment is equally important for the well-being of your